# **Second Language**

Modern Languages: Arabic, Chinese, French, German, Italian, Japanese, Russian, Spanish

**Student Learning Outcomes (Communication)**: Students will demonstrate an ability to <u>negotiate meaning</u> in the <u>target language</u> in familiar contexts. **(Culture)**: Students will demonstrate <u>cultural competence</u> in the <u>target culture</u>.

### The Value of Second Language (Modern)

Second-language learning is a multi-faceted intellectual endeavor that promotes enhanced communication skills in both the native and target language and that fosters cross-cultural communication and understanding. Second-language learners analyze the nature of language through comparison between the target language and their own language. Second-language learners also evaluate

information and diverse perspectives that are available through the language and its cultures and engage in critical analysis of culture and identity; they are therefore more readily able to participate in multiple, multicultural communities and are, as a result, adaptable to the challenges of a changing world.

## **Supporting Skills**

#### Communication

- Students will demonstrate appropriate verbal control of <u>form</u>, vocabulary, and fluency in the target language.
- Students will manipulate and vary learned vocabulary and expressions in the target language in order to orally express diverse aspects of personal experience.
- 3. Students will maintain conversation in the target language by asking and answering questions.

#### Culture

- 1. Students will demonstrate an understanding of the target culture in English or the target language.
- 2. Students will engage in cross-cultural analysis in English or the target language.

#### **Course Content Criteria**

- Courses in this category are characterized by a consistent and <u>active use</u> of the target language by students and the instructor.
- 2 Courses in this category utilize secondary content as a vehicle for language instruction.
- 3 Courses in this category socialize students into the target culture.
- Courses in this category utilize multi-modal material, <u>authentic material</u>, and non-verbal cues to promote proficiency in the target language.
- 5. Courses in this category promote not only reflection about the target language or culture but also

- active metacognition on the part of the student.
- 6 Courses in this category require students to read and write in the target language (although not always in class).
- Courses in this category include an assessment assignment that requires students to demonstrate each of the modes in the Second Language Assessment Rubric (below). This assessment assignment should be one of the following: an objective exam, an essay question on an exam, an essay, or a research paper.

### **Glossary**

- Active use: Involves spontaneous, meaningful, contextualized communication by students that is facilitated by the instructor and course materials.
- Authentic material: Objects and materials from everyday life (in the target cultures and languages) used for instruction.
- Complex: In this context, demonstrating use of structures and vocabulary above the level
  expected in the course; this could include the ability to manage multiple tenses or time frames, or
  the use of elevated vocabulary or grammatical structures.
- Cross-cultural analysis: Comparison across cultures that yields an understanding of the similarities and differences between the studied cultures.
- Cultural competence: An ability to communicate and effectively interact with people across
  cultures. It is based on a nuanced understanding of the similarities and differences between one's
  home culture(s) and a target culture or target cultures.
- Cultural practices: Patterns of social behaviors and interactions, such as table manners, gestures, the use of space, and formal versus informal discourse.
- 7. **Cultural products:** The tangible or intangible creations that reflect cultural perspectives and practices, such as a piece of artwork, a piece of literature, a monument, a dish, a dance, a tradition, or an oral tale.

- 8. **Form**: The inflection of words, be they nouns, verbs, adjectives, or pronouns.
- 9. **Metacognition:** Awareness and understanding of one's own thought processes, and in this context, an awareness and understanding of the processes required to acquire, comprehend, and produce a second language.
- 10. Negotiate meaning: An ability to communicate meaningfully and to understand the meaning of others in a variety of interpersonal contexts, including, but not limited to, interactions with people one does not know, interactions with people one knows well, and interactions with professionals with whom one comes into contact (such as doctors, professors, waiters, and travel agents).
- Secondary content: Content (e.g. films, authentic texts, history) that is used in second-language
  instruction to support the learning of the primary content, which is vocabulary, grammar, phonetics,
  and culture.
- 12. **Target culture:** The culture(s) of study in a second-language course.
- 13. Target language: The language of study in a second-language course.

## Second Language Assessment Rubric: Communication Modern Languages

Supporting Skills	Exemplary 5	Accomplished 4	Developing 3	Beginning 2	Absent 1
Demonstrate appropriate verbal control of form, vocabulary, and fluency.	Communicates accurately using connected sentence-level discourse in present time; accuracy decreases as language become more complex.	using simple sentences.	Communicates with a moderate degree of accuracy when using simple sentences.	Communicates with a moderate degree of accuracy using memorized language; accuracy decreases when trying to express own meaning.	Is unable to communicate accurately.
Manipulate and vary learned vocabulary and expressions in order to orally express diverse aspects of personal experience.	describe and narrate familiar everyday contexts in detail by combining, varying, and	capacity to describe and narrate familiar everyday contexts in		memorized vocabulary and	Is unable to describe and narrate <u>f</u> amiliar everyday contexts.
Maintain conversation by asking and answering questions.	conversation using appropriate	conversation using appropriate questions and responses.	Generally maintains conversation by answering and reacting appropriately to questions; asks largely formulaic questions.	Demonstrates some ability to maintain conversation using primarily formulaic questions and responses.	Is unable to maintain conversation.

# Second Language Assessment Rubric: Culture Modern Languages

Supporting Skills	Exemplary 5	Accomplished 4	Developing 3	Beginning 2	Absent 1
Demonstrate an understanding of the target culture in English or the target language.	Describes accurately, and in detail, <u>cultural products</u> and <u>practices</u> related to everyday life, personal interest, or studies.	some detail, cultural products		inaccuracies, cultural products	Is unable to describe cultural products and practices related to everyday life, personal interest, or studies.
Engage in cross-cultural analysis in English or the target language.	Offers a thorough and detailed explanation of similarities and differences between cultural attitudes and perspectives.	and somewhat detailed explanation of similarities and differences between cultural	similarities and differences between cultural attitudes and	similarities or differences between cultural attitudes and	Is unable to explain either similarities or differences between cultural attitudes and perspectives.