

## I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

**Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2006. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for**

**I1 IPEDS/AAUP.**

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

		Full-time	Part-time
	(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
	(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
	(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
	(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
	(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
	(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
	(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

*Full-time instructional faculty:* faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

*Part-time instructional faculty:* Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

*Minority faculty:* includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate:* includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

*First-professional:* includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

*Terminal degree:* the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I1	a) Total number of instructional faculty	609	314	923
I1	b) Total number who are members of minority groups	86	14	100
I1	c) Total number who are women	203	111	314
I1	d) Total number who are men	406	191	597
I1	e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	9	5	14
I1	f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	514	157	671

I1	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	73	110	183
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	21	36	57
I1	i)	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items <b>f, g, h,</b> and <b>i</b> must sum up to item <b>a.</b> )	1	11	12
I1	j)	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	70	34	104

**I2 Student to Faculty Ratio**

Report the Fall 2006 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty. r public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants

I2	Fall 2006 Student to Faculty ratio	12 to 1	(based on	7751	students
			and	632	faculty).

**I3 Undergraduate Class Size**

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2006 term.

**Class Sections:** A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

**Class Subsections:** A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2006. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

**I3 Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**I3 Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)**

I3	CLASS SECTIONS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
I3		290	439	229	132	115	81	18	1304

I3	CLASS SUB-SECTIONS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
I3		24	37	25	32	1	1		120