Plagiarism

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Citations in the text include the last name of the author(s) and year of publication. Include page numbers when quoting directly from a work or referring to specific passages. Identify subsequent citations of the same source in the same way as the first. Examples follow:

If the author’s name is in the text, follow it with the publication year in parentheses:
…in another study by Duncan (1959).

If the author’s name is not in the text, enclose the last name and publication year in parentheses:
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Note: This is the preferred ASA style. Older forms of text citations are not acceptable: (Kuhn 1970, p. 71).

Give both last names for joint authors:
…(Martin and Bailey 1988).

If a work has three authors, cite all three last names in the first citation in the text; thereafter, use et al. in the citation. If a work has more than three authors, use et al. in the first citation and in all subsequent citations.

First citation for a work with three authors:...had been lost (Carr, Smith, and Jones 1962).

Later...(Carr et al. 1962)
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...Veblen ([1899] 1979) stated that...

Separate a series of references with semicolons. List the series in alphabetical or date order, but be consistent throughout the manuscript.

... (Green1995; Mundi 1987; Smith and Wallop 1989).

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- References should be double-spaced.
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(see additional guidelines in the full text of the American Sociological Association Style Guide).

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Examples:


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Examples:


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Examples:


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*In the text of the paper cite as:* (ASA 2006)

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