



SMU EHS Standard Operating Procedure for use of

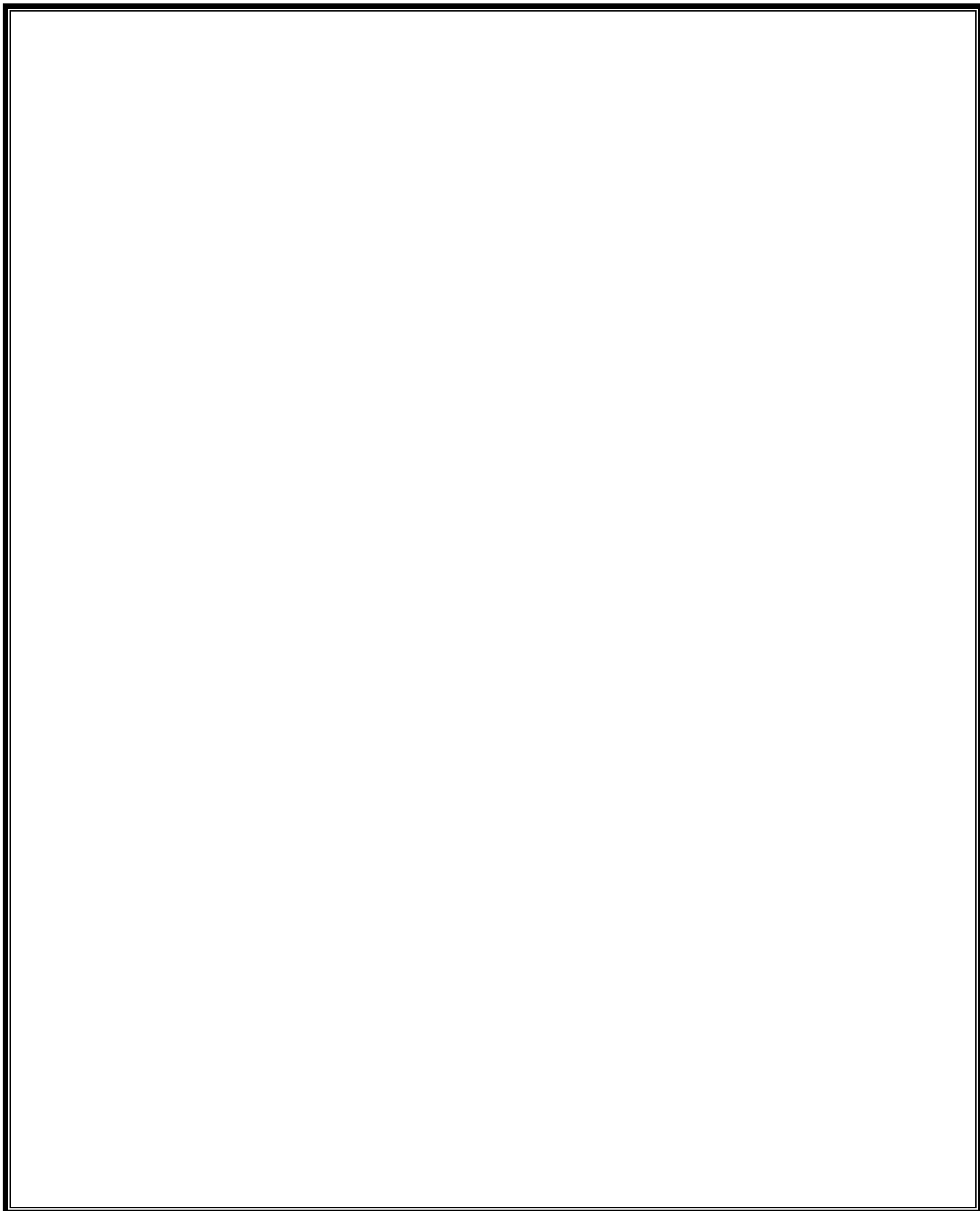
TOXIC LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS



Examples: chloroform, 2-mercaptoethanol, xylene, methanol, acrylamide, ethidium bromide, trypan blue

HAZARD CONTROLS	Potential Hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exposure can occur through the skin (possibly after penetrating gloves), inhalation of vapors or aerosols, or by accidental ingestion or injection. • Acutely toxic liquids and solids can cause death or systemic toxicity. • Exposure can cause health hazards (such as cancer, reproductive effects, mutations, respiratory sensitization, and organ damage) and/or irritation of the eyes, skin, or respiratory system. • Some toxic liquids and solids may also have physical hazards. • See Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for specific hazard information.
	Selection and Purchase	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purchase the smallest containers at the lowest concentration/quantity practical. • Purchase in shatter-resistant containers if available. • When possible, order solids in pre-weighed amounts, in a septum-top vial.
	Storage and Transportation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store below eye level but not on the floor. • Keep toxic liquids and solids away from incompatible materials (see SDS). • Transport in a bottle carrier or using secondary containment.
	Engineering Controls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work in a chemical fume hood if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Heating the materials AND/OR ○ Working with open containers • When there is no risk of exposure to hazardous vapors or gases, a biological safety cabinet may be used instead.
	Work Practice Controls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Line the work area with absorbent, leak-proof bench pads. • Use the smallest practical quantities for the work being performed. • Plan work to avoid contact with gloves. Change gloves immediately if contaminated. • Change gloves at least every 2 hours and wash hands. • Decontaminate work area with an appropriate solution. • Weigh solids in a fume hood.
HAZARDS	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	<p>Minimum PPE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fastened lab coat • Safety glasses • Appropriate gloves <p>Risk of splash or large amounts, add:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safety goggles • Impervious sleeves and apron (or coverall) <p><i>Consult the manufacturer's glove guide for effectiveness with the chemical.</i></p>
	Waste	Collect and store according to SMU Hazardous Waste guidelines.
	Training	Sign Laboratory Specific Training document to indicate understanding of this SOP.
	Questions	Contact Environmental Health and Safety at 214-768-2430.
OTHER	Additional Guidelines	Please complete page 2 for additional laboratory – specific guidelines

Laboratory-specific chemicals and procedures:

A large, empty rectangular box with a black border, occupying most of the page below the text. It is intended for the user to list laboratory-specific chemicals and procedures.