Planning a Retreat

Why have a retreat?

- > To provide informational workshops for members
- To motivate members for the year or semester
- > To set goals
- > To build an effective team
- > To evaluate the progress of long-term goals and objectives
- To introduce and orient new members
- To resolve group conflicts
- > To have fun!

When should an organization have a retreat?

Retreats can be useful anytime! Here are some ideas:

- At the beginning of the year or semester (form a team, train new members)
- Before an important program (set goals, evaluate progress)
- After an important program (celebrate and assess)
- In the middle of the semester or year (re-focus and motivate)
- > Before officer transition (share pertinent information)

Who can help plan or facilitate a retreat?

- Any Student Activities staff member
- Professional consultants
- Experienced members
- Your advisor
- Student leaders from other organizations

Where can you have a retreat?

On-campus:

- Neuhoff Catholic Center (Contact Cindy Dixon: cdixon@smu.edu, 214-987-0044)
- Hughes-Trigg Student Center
- Dedman Center

Off-campus

- > There are a variety of lodges/camps/retreat centers in the area: Google "Dallas retreat location" for many ideas!
- Reserve a local park
- Utilize the meeting space/clubhouse at a member's apartment building
- Remember to register your travel on Orgs@SMU!

Retreat Planning Guidelines

- A. First, set some goals. Common goals for a retreat are:
 - a. Gathering new ideas for programs or activities
 - b. Planning a specific program
 - c. Solving problems
 - d. Teambuilding
 - e. Learning more about the organization or leadership development
- B. Know your budget. Expenses may include:
 - a. Retreat site fees
 - b. Transportation (Students' Association vans)
 - c. Travel insurance
 - d. Materials (copies, AV equipment, etc.)
 - e. Meals
 - f. Fee for professional facilitator or consultant

- C. Make an agenda.
 - a. Remember that participants will need a bit of free time
 - b. Determine who will present which sessions
 - c. Don't try to cover too much material. Prioritize!
 - d. Vary the presentation method to keep it interesting
 - e. Make sure you have enough material to fill the time, but don't worry if you have to make last-minute changes to the schedule
 - f. Stay focused on your retreat goals
- D. Plan your meals.
 - a. Does the retreat site offer meals?
 - b. Is there a kitchen? Is cooking an option?
 - c. Can members provide a meal for themselves?
- E. Develop a post-retreat evaluation. Ask for feedback on:
 - a. The location, agenda, and facilitators
 - b. Evaluate your budget. Were there unexpected costs?
 - c. Make a report with the pertinent info for next year's retreat planner